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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/564,672	05/10/2006	Shinji Amaike	36856.1407	1649
54066 MURATA MA	7590 01/24/2008 NUIFACTURING COMP	EXAMINER		
MURATA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD. C/O KEATING & BENNETT, LLP 8180 GREENSBORO DRIVE			ROSENAU, DEREK JOHN	
SUITE 850	BORO DRIVE	. ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MCLEAN, VA	22102	2834	•	
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			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
	·		01/24/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

JKEATING@KBIPLAW.COM uspto@kbiplaw.com

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/564,672	AMÁIKE ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Derek J. Rosenau	2834				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAINS SIDE OF THE MAINS OF	LING DATE OF THIS COMMUN 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a cation. ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC , by statute, cause the application to become A	IICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this co ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
•—	Responsive to communication(s) filed of This action is FINAL . 2b Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice	D⊠ This action is non-final. This action is non-final. This action is non-final management.		e merits is			
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 7-17 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 7-17 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the E The drawing(s) filed on 13 January 200 Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to be	$\frac{06}{16}$ is/are: a) $\boxed{\square}$ accepted or b) $\boxed{\square}$ on to the drawing(s) be held in abeyase correction is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 Cl	FR 1.121(d).			
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International See the attached detailed Office action	ocuments have been received. Ocuments have been received in the priority documents have been all Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National	Stage			
2) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC)-948)	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date				
3) X Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/13/2006_6/27/2007</u> .	5)	f Informal Patent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 7-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Mitsuoka et al. (US 6876127).
- 3. With respect to claim 7, Mitsuoka et al. discloses an ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus (Figs 1A and 2) comprising: a casing including a bottom (item 12a), an outer peripheral wall (item 14), and an inner peripheral wall (item 12b), the outer peripheral wall being integral with the bottom and extending from an inner surface of the bottom (Fig 1A), the inner peripheral wall being integral with the bottom and extending from the inner surface of the bottom (Fig 1A), a space surrounded by the inner peripheral wall and the bottom defining a first recess (Fig 1A), and a space surrounded by the inner peripheral wall, the outer peripheral wall, and the bottom defining a second recess (Fig 1A); a piezoelectric element (item 11) mounted to the bottom and facing the first recess (Fig 1A); and a vibration isolation member (item 13) filling the second recess (Fig 1A).

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4. With respect to claim 8, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 7, wherein a cross section has an anisotropic shape (Fig 2), the cross section being taken along a direction parallel to the bottom and being defined by an inside surface of the inner peripheral wall.

- 5. With respect to claim 9, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the anisotropic shape is substantially elliptical (Fig 2).
- 6. With respect to claim 10, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 8, wherein a cross section of an inside surface of the outer peripheral wall is circular (Fig 2), the cross section being taken along a direction parallel to the bottom.
- 7. With respect to claim 11, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 9, wherein the bottom includes a thick portion and a thin portion (Fig 1A), the piezoelectric member is mounted to the thick portion (Fig 1A), and the thin portion extends along a major axis of the elliptical shape (Figs 1A and 2).
- 8. With respect to claim 12, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 7, wherein a cross section of an inside surface of the outer peripheral wall is circular (Fig 2), the cross section taken along a direction parallel to the bottom.
- 9. With respect to claim 13, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the bottom includes a thick portion

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and a thin portion (Fig 1A), and the piezoelectric element is mounted to the thick portion (Fig 1A).

- 10. With respect to claim 14, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 13, wherein at least a portion of the thin portion faces the first recess (Fig 1A).
- 11. With respect to claim 15, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 13, wherein at least a portion of the thin portion faces the second recess (Fig 1A).
- 12. With respect to claim 16, Mitsuoka discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 7, wherein a thickness of the inner peripheral wall is equal to or smaller than a thickness of the outer peripheral wall (Fig 1A).
- 13. Claims 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mylvaganam et al. (US 49452761).
- 14. With respect to claim 7, Mitsuoka et al. discloses an ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus (Fig 1) comprising: a casing including a bottom (item 3), an outer peripheral wall (item 5), and an inner peripheral wall (item 7), the outer peripheral wall being integral with the bottom and extending from an inner surface of the bottom (Fig 1), the inner peripheral wall being integral with the bottom and extending from the inner surface of the bottom (Fig 1), a space surrounded by the inner peripheral wall and the bottom defining a first recess (Fig 1), and a space surrounded by the inner peripheral wall, the outer peripheral wall, and the bottom defining a second recess (Fig 1); a

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piezoelectric element (item 4) mounted to the bottom and facing the first recess (Fig 1); and a vibration isolation member (item 8) filling the second recess (Fig 1).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 15. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 16. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mitsuoka et al.
- 17. With respect to claim 17, Mitsuoka et al. discloses the ultrasonic transmitting and receiving apparatus according to claim 7. Mitsuoka et al. does not disclose expressly that the cross section taken along a direction parallel to the bottom being defined by the outside surface of the inner peripheral wall has an anisotropic shape. However, it has been held that a mere change in shape would be obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art (*In re Dailey*, 149 USPQ 47); therefore, at the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to form the outside surface of the inner wall to have an anisotropic shape.

Conclusion

18. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Amaike et al. (US 6250162) discloses an ultrasonic transducer having a single peripheral wall, with a piezoelectric element mounted at the bottom of a recess within the wall, wherein the cross section of the inside surface of the wall is

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anisotropic, and substantially elliptical in shape, and the bottom has thick and thin portions.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Derek J. Rosenau whose telephone number is 571-272-8932. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday 7:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Darren Schuberg can be reached on 571-272-2044. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Derek J Rosenau Examiner Art Unit 2834

DJR 1/10/2008